AN ACT

Adopting and relating to the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act; and relating to a specific electronic communications power that a principal may select for an agent under the statutory form power of attorney.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

THE ACT FOLLOWS ON PAGE 1
AN ACT

Adopting and relating to the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act; and relating to a specific electronic communications power that a principal may select for an agent under the statutory form power of attorney.

* Section 1. AS 13.26.645 is amended to read:

Sec. 13.26.645. Statutory form power of attorney. A person who wishes to designate another as agent by a power of attorney may execute a statutory power of attorney set out in substantially the following form:

GENERAL POWER OF ATTORNEY

THE POWERS GRANTED FROM THE PRINCIPAL TO THE AGENT OR AGENTS IN THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENT ARE VERY BROAD. THEY MAY INCLUDE THE POWER TO DISPOSE, SELL, CONVEY, AND ENCUMBER YOUR REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY. ACCORDINGLY, THE FOLLOWING
DOCUMENT SHOULD ONLY BE USED AFTER CAREFUL
CONSIDERATION. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT
THIS DOCUMENT, YOU SHOULD SEEK COMPETENT ADVICE.

YOU MAY REVOKE THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY AT
ANY TIME.

do hereby appoint (Name and address of agent or agents), my agent(s)
to act as indicated below in my name, place, and stead in any way
which I myself could do, if I were personally present, with respect to
the following matters, as each of them is defined in AS 13.26.665, to
the full extent that I am permitted by law to act through an agent:

MARK THE BOXES BELOW TO INDICATE THE POWERS
YOU WANT TO GIVE YOUR AGENT OR AGENTS. MARK THE
BOX FOR "YES" THAT IS OPPOSITE A CATEGORY BELOW TO
GIVE YOUR AGENT OR AGENTS THE POWER IN THAT
CATEGORY. IF YOU DO NOT MARK A BOX OPPOSITE A
CATEGORY, YOUR AGENT OR AGENTS WILL NOT HAVE THE
POWER IN THAT CATEGORY.

YES

(A) real estate transactions
(B) transactions involving tangible personal
   property, chattels, and goods
(C) bonds, shares, and commodities transactions
(D) banking transactions
(E) business operating transactions
(F) insurance transactions
(G) estate transactions
(H) retirement plans
(I) claims and litigation
(J) personal relationships and affairs
(K) benefits from government programs
and civil or military service ( )

(L) records, reports, and statements ( )

(M) voter registration and absentee
ballot requests ( )

(N) all other matters, including those
specified as follows: ( )

_________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________

GRANT OF SPECIFIC AUTHORITY (OPTIONAL)
The agent or agents you have appointed WILL NOT have the
d power to do any of the following acts UNLESS you MARK the box
opposite that category:
( ) create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos trust;
( ) make a gift, subject to the limitations of AS 13.26.665(q) and any
special instructions in this power of attorney;
( ) create or change a beneficiary designation;
( ) revoke a transfer on death deed made under AS 13.48;
( ) create or change rights of survivorship;
( ) delegate authority granted under the power of attorney;
( ) waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor
annuity, including a survivor benefit under a retirement plan;
( ) exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to
delegate;
( ) exercise authority over the content of electronic
communications, as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. 2510(12), sent
or received by the principal.

IF YOU HAVE APPOINTED MORE THAN ONE AGENT,
MARK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
( ) Each agent may exercise the powers conferred separately, without
the consent of any other agent.

( ) All agents shall exercise the powers conferred jointly, with the consent of all other agents.

TO INDICATE WHEN THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE, MARK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

( ) This document shall become effective upon the date of my signature.

( ) This document shall become effective upon the date of my incapacity and shall not otherwise be affected by my incapacity.

IF YOU HAVE INDICATED THAT THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON THE DATE OF YOUR SIGNATURE, MARK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

( ) This document shall not be affected by my subsequent incapacity.

( ) This document shall be revoked by my subsequent incapacity.

IF YOU HAVE INDICATED THAT THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE UPON THE DATE OF YOUR SIGNATURE AND WANT TO LIMIT THE TERM OF THIS DOCUMENT, COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

This document shall only continue in effect for ________ ( ) years from the date of my signature.

NOTICE OF REVOCATION OF THE POWERS GRANTED IN THIS DOCUMENT

You may revoke one or more of the powers granted in this document. Unless otherwise provided in this document, you may revoke a specific power granted in this power of attorney by completing a special power of attorney that includes the specific power in this document that you want to revoke. Unless otherwise provided in this document, you may revoke all the powers granted in this power of attorney by completing a subsequent power of attorney.

NOTICE TO THIRD PARTIES

A third party who relies on the reasonable representations of an agent as to a matter relating to a power granted by a properly executed
statutory form power of attorney does not incur any liability to the principal or to the principal's heirs, assigns, or estate as a result of permitting the agent to exercise the authority granted by the power of attorney. A third party who fails to honor a properly executed statutory form power of attorney may be liable to the principal, the agent, the principal's heirs, assigns, or estate for a civil penalty, plus damages, costs, and fees associated with the failure to comply with the statutory form power of attorney. If the power of attorney is one which becomes effective upon the incapacity of the principal, the incapacity of the principal is established by an affidavit, as required by law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this ____ day of ______________, _________.

_________________________________________________________
Signature of Principal

Acknowledged before me at _________________________________

_________________________________________________________
Signature of Officer or Notary

If a person other than the principal executes the signature for the principal, the person may not be a person who is appointed an agent in the power of attorney, and the following signature line and notary verification must also be completed:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this ____ day of ______________, _________.

_________________________________________________________
Signature of person signing at the request of___________________

Name of Principal

Printed name of person signing______________________________

Form of identification of person signing_______________________

Acknowledged before me at _________________________________

_________________________________________________________
Signature of Officer or Notary

* Sec. 2. AS 13 is amended by adding a new chapter to read:

Chapter 63. Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act.

Sec. 13.63.010. User direction for disclosure of digital assets. (a) A user may use an online tool to direct the custodian to disclose to a designated recipient, or not to disclose, some or all of the user's digital assets, including the content of electronic communications. If the online tool allows the user to modify or delete a direction at all times, a direction regarding disclosure using an online tool overrides a contrary direction by the user in a will, trust, power of attorney, or other record.

(b) If a user has not used an online tool to give direction under (a) of this section or if the custodian has not provided an online tool, the user may allow or prohibit in a will, trust, power of attorney, or other record, disclosure to a fiduciary of some or all of the user's digital assets, including the content of electronic communications sent or received by the user.

(c) A user's direction under (a) or (b) of this section overrides a contrary provision in a terms-of-service agreement that does not require the user to act affirmatively and distinctly from the user's assent to the terms of service.

Sec. 13.63.020. Terms-of-service agreement. (a) This chapter does not change or impair a right of a custodian or a user under a terms-of-service agreement to access and use digital assets of the user.

(b) This chapter does not give a fiduciary or designated recipient any new or expanded rights other than those held by the user for whom, or for whose estate, the fiduciary or designated recipient acts or represents.

(c) A fiduciary's or designated recipient's access to digital assets may be modified or eliminated by a user, by federal law, or by a terms-of-service agreement if the user has not provided direction under AS 13.63.010.

Sec. 13.63.030. Procedures for disclosing digital assets. (a) When disclosing digital assets of a user under this chapter, the custodian may, in its sole discretion,

(1) grant a fiduciary or designated recipient full access to the user's account;

(2) grant a fiduciary or designated recipient partial access to the user's
account sufficient to perform the tasks with which the fiduciary or designated recipient is charged; or

(3) provide a fiduciary or designated recipient a copy in a record of any digital asset that, on the date the custodian received the request for disclosure, the user could have accessed if the user were alive and had full capacity and access to the account.

(b) A custodian may assess a reasonable administrative charge for the cost of disclosing digital assets under this chapter.

(c) A custodian is not required to disclose under this chapter a digital asset deleted by a user.

(d) If a user directs or a fiduciary requests a custodian to disclose under this chapter some, but not all, of the user's digital assets, the custodian is not required to disclose the assets if segregation of the assets would impose an undue burden on the custodian. If the custodian believes the direction or request imposes an undue burden, the custodian or fiduciary may seek an order from the superior court to disclose

(1) a subset limited by date of the user's digital assets;
(2) all of the user's digital assets to the fiduciary or designated recipient;
(3) none of the user's digital assets; or
(4) all of the user's digital assets to the superior court for review in camera.

Sec. 13.63.040. Disclosure of content of electronic communications of deceased user. If a deceased user consented or a superior court directs disclosure of the contents of electronic communications of the user, the custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the estate of the user the content of an electronic communication sent or received by the user if the personal representative gives the custodian

(1) a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
(2) a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
(3) a certified copy of the letters testamentary of the personal representative;
(4) unless the user provided direction using an online tool, a copy of
the user's will, trust, power of attorney, or other record evidencing the user's consent to
disclosure of the content of electronic communications; and

(5) if requested by the custodian,

(A) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or
account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the user's account;

(B) evidence linking the account to the user; or

(C) a finding by the superior court that

(i) the user had a specific account with the custodian,
identifiable by the information specified in (A) of this paragraph;

(ii) disclosure of the content of electronic
communications of the user would not violate 18 U.S.C. 2701 - 2712,
47 U.S.C. 222, or other applicable law;

(iii) unless the user provided direction using an online
tool, the user consented to disclosure of the content of electronic
communications; or

(iv) disclosure of the content of electronic
communications of the user is reasonably necessary for administration
of the estate.

Sec. 13.63.050. Disclosure of other digital assets of deceased user. Unless
the user prohibited disclosure of digital assets or the superior court directs otherwise, a
custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the estate of a deceased user a
catalog of electronic communications sent or received by the user and digital assets,
other than the content of electronic communications, of the user if the representative
gives the custodian

(1) a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;

(2) a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;

(3) a certified copy of the letters testamentary of the personal
representative; and

(4) if requested by the custodian,

(A) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or
(B) evidence linking the account to the user;

(C) an affidavit stating that disclosure of the user's digital assets is reasonably necessary for administration of the estate; or

(D) a finding by the superior court that

(i) the user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable by the information specified in (A) of this paragraph; or

(ii) disclosure of the user's digital assets is reasonably necessary for administration of the estate.

Sec. 13.63.060. Disclosure of content of electronic communications of principal. To the extent a power of attorney expressly grants an agent authority over the content of electronic communications sent or received by the principal and unless directed otherwise by the principal or the superior court, a custodian shall disclose to the agent the content if the agent gives the custodian

(1) a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;

(2) an original or copy of the power of attorney expressly granting the agent authority over the content of electronic communications of the principal;

(3) a certification by the agent, under penalty of perjury, that the power of attorney is in effect; and

(4) if requested by the custodian,

(A) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the principal's account; or

(B) evidence linking the account to the principal.

Sec. 13.63.070. Disclosure of other digital assets of principal. Unless otherwise ordered by the superior court, directed by the principal, or provided by a power of attorney, a custodian shall disclose to an agent with specific authority over digital assets or general authority to act on behalf of a principal a catalog of electronic communications sent or received by the principal and digital assets, other than the content of electronic communications, of the principal if the agent gives the custodian

(1) a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
(2) an original or a copy of the power of attorney that gives the agent specific authority over digital assets or general authority to act on behalf of the principal;

(3) a certification by the agent, under penalty of perjury, that the power of attorney is in effect; and

(4) if requested by the custodian,

(A) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the principal's account;

or

(B) evidence linking the account to the principal.

Sec. 13.63.080. Disclosure of digital assets held in trust when trustee is original user. Unless otherwise ordered by the superior court or provided in a trust, a custodian shall disclose to a trustee that is an original user of an account any digital asset of the account held in trust, including a catalog of electronic communications of the trustee and the content of electronic communications.

Sec. 13.63.090. Disclosure of contents of electronic communications held in trust when trustee not original user. Unless otherwise ordered by the superior court, directed by the user, or provided in a trust, a custodian shall disclose to a trustee that is not an original user of an account the content of an electronic communication sent or received by an original or successor user and carried, maintained, processed, received, or stored by the custodian in the account of the trust if the trustee gives the custodian

(1) a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;

(2) a certified copy of the trust instrument or a certification of the trust under AS 13.36.079 that includes consent to disclosure of the content of electronic communications to the trustee;

(3) a certification by the trustee, under penalty of perjury, that the trust exists and the trustee is a currently acting trustee of the trust; and

(4) if requested by the custodian,

(A) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the trust's account; or

(B) evidence linking the account to the trust.
Sec. 13.63.100. Disclosure of other digital assets held in trust when trustee not original user. Unless otherwise ordered by the superior court, directed by the user, or provided in a trust, a custodian shall disclose to a trustee that is not an original user of an account a catalog of electronic communications sent or received by an original or successor user and stored, carried, or maintained by the custodian in an account of the trust and any digital assets, other than the content of electronic communications, in which the trust has a right or interest if the trustee gives the custodian

(1) a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
(2) a certified copy of the trust instrument or a certification of the trust under AS 13.36.079;
(3) a certification by the trustee, under penalty of perjury, that the trust exists and the trustee is a currently acting trustee of the trust; and
(4) if requested by the custodian,
   (A) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the trust's account; or
   (B) evidence linking the account to the trust.

Sec. 13.63.110. Disclosure of digital assets to conservator of protected person. (a) After an opportunity for a hearing under AS 13.26.401 - 13.26.595, the superior court may grant a conservator access to the digital assets of a protected person except that, if the conservator is a guardian with the powers and duties of a conservator under AS 13.26.316(c), the superior court may grant the conservator access to the digital assets of a protected person after an opportunity for a hearing under AS 13.26.201 - 13.26.316.

(b) Unless otherwise ordered by the superior court or directed by the user, a custodian shall disclose to a conservator the catalog of electronic communications sent or received by a protected person and any digital assets, other than the content of electronic communications, in which the protected person has a right or interest if the conservator gives the custodian

(1) a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
(2) a certified copy of the superior court order that gives the
conservator authority over the digital assets of the protected person; and

(3) if requested by the custodian,

(A) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or
account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the account of the
protected person; or

(B) evidence linking the account to the protected person.

(c) A conservator with general authority to manage the assets of a protected
person may request a custodian of the digital assets of the protected person to suspend
or terminate an account of the protected person for good cause. A request made under
this subsection must be accompanied by a certified copy of the superior court order
giving the conservator authority over the protected person's property.

Sec. 13.63.120. Fiduciary duty and authority. (a) The legal duties imposed
on a fiduciary charged with managing tangible property apply to the management of
digital assets, including

(1) the duty of care;

(2) the duty of loyalty; and

(3) the duty of confidentiality.

(b) A fiduciary's or designated recipient's authority with respect to a digital
asset of a user

(1) except as otherwise provided in AS 13.63.010, is subject to the
applicable terms of service;

(2) is subject to other applicable law, including copyright law;

(3) in the case of a fiduciary, is limited by the scope of the fiduciary's
duties; and

(4) may not be used to impersonate the user.

(c) A fiduciary with authority over the property of a decedent, protected
person, principal, or settlor has the right to access any digital asset in which the
decedent, protected person, principal, or settlor had a right or interest and that is not
held by a custodian or subject to a terms-of-service agreement.

(d) A fiduciary acting within the scope of the fiduciary's duties is an
authorized user of the property of the decedent, protected person, principal, or settlor
for the purpose of applicable computer-fraud and unauthorized-computer-access laws, including AS 11.46.200, 11.46.484(a)(3), and 11.46.740.

(e) A fiduciary with authority over the tangible personal property of a decedent, protected person, principal, or settlor

(1) has the right to access the property and any digital asset stored in it; and

(2) is an authorized user for the purpose of computer-fraud and unauthorized-computer-access laws, including AS 11.46.200, 11.46.484(a)(3), and 11.46.740.

(f) A custodian may disclose information in an account to a fiduciary of the user when the information is required to terminate an account used to access digital assets licensed to the user.

(g) A fiduciary of a user may request a custodian to terminate the user's account. A request for termination must be in writing, in either physical or electronic form, and accompanied by

(1) if the user is deceased, a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;

(2) a certified copy of the letters testamentary of the personal representative, the superior court order, the power of attorney, or the trust instrument giving the fiduciary authority over the account; and

(3) if requested by the custodian,

(A) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the user's account;

(B) evidence linking the account to the user; or

(C) a finding by the superior court that the user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable by the information specified in (A) of this paragraph.

**Sec. 13.63.130. Custodian compliance and immunity.** (a) Not later than 60 days after receipt of the information required under AS 13.63.040 - 13.63.120, a custodian shall comply with a request under this chapter from a fiduciary or designated recipient to disclose digital assets or terminate an account. If the custodian
fails to comply, the fiduciary or designated recipient may apply to the superior court for an order directing compliance.

(b) An order under (a) of this section directing compliance must contain a finding that compliance is not in violation of 18 U.S.C. 2702.

(c) A custodian may notify the user that a request for disclosure or to terminate an account was made under this chapter.

(d) A custodian may deny a request under this chapter from a fiduciary or designated recipient for disclosure of digital assets or to terminate an account if the custodian is aware of any lawful access to the account following the receipt of the fiduciary's request.

(e) This chapter does not limit a custodian's ability to obtain or to require a fiduciary or designated recipient requesting disclosure or termination under this chapter to obtain a superior court order that

(1) specifies that an account belongs to the protected person or principal;

(2) specifies that there is sufficient consent from the protected person or principal to support the requested disclosure; and

(3) contains a finding required by law other than this chapter.

(f) A custodian and its officers, employees, and agents are immune from liability for an act or omission done in good faith in compliance with this chapter.

Sec. 13.63.140. Uniformity of application and construction. In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.


Sec. 13.63.160. Digital assets coverage. In this chapter, a digital asset does not apply to an underlying asset or liability unless the asset or liability is itself an electronic record. This chapter does not apply to a digital asset of an employer used by
an employee in the ordinary course of the employer's business.

**Sec. 13.63.170. Application to custodians.** This chapter applies to a custodian if the user resides in this state or resided in this state at the time of the user's death.

**Sec. 13.63.190. Definitions.** In this chapter,

1. "account" means an arrangement under a terms-of-service agreement in which a custodian carries, maintains, processes, receives, or stores a digital asset of the user or provides goods or services to the user;
2. "agent" means an attorney-in-fact granted authority under a durable or nondurable power of attorney;
3. "carries" means engages in the transmission of an electronic communication;
4. "catalog of electronic communications" means information that identifies each person with which a user has had an electronic communication, the time and date of the communication, and the electronic address of the person;
5. "conservator" means a person appointed by a superior court to manage all or part of the estate of a living individual;
6. "content of an electronic communication" means information concerning the substance or meaning of the communication that
   (A) has been sent or received by a user;
   (B) is in electronic storage by a custodian providing an electronic-communication service to the public or is carried or maintained by a custodian providing a remote-computing service to the public; in this subparagraph,
   (i) "electronic-communication service" means the ability to send or receive an electronic communication;
   (ii) "remote-computing service" means computer-processing services or the storage of digital assets by means of an electronic communications system; in this sub-subparagraph, "electronic communications system" has the meaning given in 18 U.S.C. 2510; and
   (C) is not readily accessible to the public;
(7) "custodian" means a person that carries, maintains, processes, receives, or stores a digital asset of a user;

(8) "designated recipient" means a person chosen by a user using an online tool to administer digital assets of the user;

(9) "digital asset" means an electronic record in which an individual has a right or interest, but does not include an underlying asset or liability unless the asset or liability is itself an electronic record;

(10) "electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities;

(11) "electronic communication" has the meaning given in 18 U.S.C. 2510;

(12) "fiduciary" means an original, additional, or successor personal representative, conservator, agent, or trustee;

(13) "information" means data, text, images, videos, sounds, codes, computer programs, software, databases, or similar items;

(14) "online tool" means an electronic service provided by a custodian that allows the user, in an agreement distinct from the terms-of-service agreement between the custodian and user, to provide directions for disclosure or nondisclosure of digital assets to a third person;

(15) "person" means an individual, estate, business or nonprofit entity, public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or another legal entity;

(16) "personal representative" means an executor, administrator, special administrator, or person that performs substantially the same function under law of this state other than this chapter;

(17) "power of attorney" means a record that grants an agent authority to act in the place of a principal;

(18) "principal" means an individual who grants authority to an agent in a power of attorney;

(19) "protected person" means an individual for whom a conservator has been appointed or an individual for whom an application for the appointment of a
conservator is pending;

(20) "record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form;

(21) "terms-of-service agreement" means an agreement that controls the relationship between a user and a custodian;

(22) "trustee" means a fiduciary, whether the original fiduciary or a successor fiduciary, with legal title to property under an agreement or declaration that creates a beneficial interest in another person;

(23) "user" means a person that has an account with a custodian;

(24) "will" includes a codicil, a testamentary instrument that only appoints an executor, and an instrument that revokes or revises a testamentary instrument.

Sec. 13.63.195. Short title. This chapter may be cited as the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act.

* Sec. 3. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:

APPLICABILITY. (a) AS 13.63, enacted by sec. 2 of this Act, applies to a

(1) fiduciary acting under a will or power of attorney executed before, on, or after the effective date of this Act;

(2) personal representative acting for a decedent who died before, on, or after the effective date of this Act;

(3) proceeding to appoint a conservator that is commenced before, on, or after the effective date of this Act; and

(4) trustee acting under a trust created before, on, or after the effective date of this Act.

(b) AS 13.26.645, as amended by sec. 1 of this Act, applies to a power of attorney created under AS 13.26.645 on or after the effective date of this Act.

(c) In (a) of this section, "conservator," "fiduciary," "personal representative," "power of attorney," "trustee," and "will" have the meanings given in AS 13.63.190, enacted by sec. 2 of this Act.